: Digital Electronics/ Electronics & Tele-communication Engg./ Electronics & Communication

Programme Name/s Engg./ Electronics Engineering/

Industrial Electronics

Programme Code : DE/ EJ/ ET/ EX/ IE

Semester : Third

Course Title : PRINCIPLES OF ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION

Course Code : 313326

I. RATIONALE

In the fastest growing telecommunication era, diploma engineers deal with electronic communication systems. The use of basic principles of electronic communication will help the students in handling communication systems in the industry and consumer market .This course is developed to empower the students to apply their knowledge and skill to maintain the communication systems.

II. INDUSTRY / EMPLOYER EXPECTED OUTCOME

The aim of this course is to attend the following industry/employer expected outcome through various teaching learning experiences .

Maintain basic electronic communication system.

III. COURSE LEVEL LEARNING OUTCOMES (COS)

Students will be able to achieve & demonstrate the following COs on completion of course based learning

- CO1 Select relevant frequency range/band for different communication mode.
- CO2 Maintain AM based communication system.
- CO3 Maintain FM based communication system.
- CO4 Identify propagation mode for specified radio frequency band.
- CO5 Identify relevant type of antenna for given frequency range/application.

IV. TEACHING-LEARNING & ASSESSMENT SCHEME

				L	ear	ning	Sche	me	-	Assessment Scheme																								
Course Code	Course Title	Abbr	Course Category/s	Co Hrs	Inc /Wools		Contact		Contact		Contact		Contact		Contact		Contact		SLHNLH		,		Credits	edits Paper		Theory			Based on LL & TL Practical			Based on SL		Total
Couc				CL TL LL Duration FA- SA- TH TH Total FA-PR		SA-				Marks																								
			100								Max	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min														
313326	PRINCIPLES OF ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION	PEC	DSC	3	-	2	1	6	3	3	30	70	100	40	25	10	25@	10	25	10	175													

Total IKS Hrs for Sem.: 1 Hrs

Abbreviations: CL- ClassRoom Learning, TL- Tutorial Learning, LL-Laboratory Learning, SLH-Self Learning Hours, NLH-Notional Learning Hours, FA - Formative Assessment, SA -Summative assessment, IKS - Indian Knowledge System, SLA - Self Learning Assessment

Legends: @ Internal Assessment, # External Assessment, *# On Line Examination , @\$ Internal Online Examination Note :

- 1. FA-TH represents average of two class tests of 30 marks each conducted during the semester.
- 2. If candidate is not securing minimum passing marks in FA-PR of any course then the candidate shall be declared as "Detained" in that semester.
- 3. If candidate is not securing minimum passing marks in SLA of any course then the candidate shall be declared as fail and will have to repeat and resubmit SLA work.
- 4. Notional Learning hours for the semester are (CL+LL+TL+SL)hrs.* 15 Weeks
- 5. 1 credit is equivalent to 30 Notional hrs.
- 6. * Self learning hours shall not be reflected in the Time Table.
- 7. * Self learning includes micro project / assignment / other activities.

V. THEORY LEARNING OUTCOMES AND ALIGNED COURSE CONTENT

Sr.No	Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's)aligned to CO's.	Learning content mapped with Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's) and CO's.	Suggested Learning Pedagogies.
1	TLO 1.1 Identify the relevant frequency band of electromagnetic spectrum for the specified signal. TLO 1.2 Differentiate analog and digital signal. TLO 1.3 Compare features of the given types of transmission modes. TLO 1.4 Distinguish between external and internal noise sources.	Unit - I Basics of Electronic Communication 1.1 Electromagnetic (EM) wave spectrum, frequency bands and their applications 1.2 Signals and its representation: analog and digital signal (In time and frequency domain) 1.3 Block diagram of Analog communication system and operation of each block 1.4 Transmission modes: Simplex , half duplex and full duplex, quadraplex ,Synchronous, Asynchronous and isosynchoronus 1.5 Noise, Sources of Noise, signal to noise ratio(S/N) and noise figure unit for noise (only concept) 1.6 Ancient communication method in India: In the history of communication humans relied on non-verbal forms of communication such as drum sounds, pigeons, messengers, symbols and smoke signals. (IKS-1 hour, No question in theory paper)	Chalk-Board Presentations Video Demonstrations
2	TLO 2.1 Define modulation and give its need. TLO 2.2 Describe with sketches the given parameters of AM signal. TLO 2.3 Calculate modulation index and modulated signal power of the given AM signal. TLO 2.4 Describe working of the given type of AM detection method. TLO 2.5 Describe working of each block of super heterodyne receiver.	Unit - II Amplitude Modulation (AM) Communication 2.1 Modulation ,Need for modulation 2.2 Types of modulation techniques ,Amplitude Modulation: Modulating signal , Carrier signal , modulation Index , mathematical representation of AM Signal (no derivation, only numericals) ,representation in time and frequency domain , Frequency Spectrum ,Types of AM band spectrum (DSB, SSB and VSB)and their applications , Power relations in AM wave (no derivation, only numerical) 2.3 Generation of AM: Block Diagram and working Low level and High Level AM transmitter 2.4 Demodulation of AM signal: Diode detector and practical diode detector, Automatic gain control and Delayed AGC 2.5 Block diagram and working of each block of super heterodyne receiver with waveforms Characteristics Selectivity , Sensitivity and Fidelity	Chalk and Board Videos demostration Visit to Telecommunication Industry

Sr.No	Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's)aligned to CO's.	Learning content mapped with Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's) and CO's.	Suggested Learning Pedagogies.
3	TLO 3.1 Differentiate between AM and FM. TLO 3.2 Generate FM signal using given type of method. TLO 3.3 Explain working of the each block of FM receiver. TLO 3.4 Explainworking of the given FM detector circuit. TLO 3.5 Differentiate between FM and PM waveforms.	Unit - III Frequency Modulation (FM) Communication 3.1 Frequency modulation: Mathematical representation of FM signal Use of Bessel's function (no derivation),representation of FM signal in time domain and frequency domain, frequency deviation ratio, modulation index (numerical), types of frequency modulation (Narrow Band and Wide Band FM), Concept of Pre-emphasis and De- emphasis and working 3.2 Generation of FM using direct method (varactor diode and reactance modulator) and indirect method (Armstrong method) 3.3 FM detector circuits: Ratio detector and PLL as FM demodulator 3.4 FM Receiver: Block diagram and working with waveforms 3.5 Phase Modulation: definition, waveforms and applications	Chalk and Board Video Demonstrations, Visit to Telecommunication Industry
4	TLO 4.1 Describe with sketches propagation mode of the given type of radio wave /band. TLO 4.2 Describe properties of the given type of wave propagation. TLO 4.3 Define critical frequency, skip distance, skip zone, fading, multiple hop with respect to sky wave propagation. TLO 4.4 Describe the concept of Duct propagation and troposphere scatter propagation of waves.	Unit - IV Wave Propagation 4.1 Concept of propagation of radio waves 4.2 Ground Wave propagation 4.3 Sky wave: Ionospheric layers, concept of actual height and virtual height, critical frequency, skip distance, skip zone. concept of fading, maximum usable frequency, multiple hop sky wave propagation 4.4 Space Wave propagation: line of sight, multipath space wave propagation, radio horizon, shadow zone 4.5 Duct propagation (microwave space-wave propagation) Troposphere scatter propagation	Chalk-Board Collaborative learning
5	TLO 5.1 Describe with sketches the working principle of the given type of antenna. TLO 5.2 Sketch the radiation pattern of resonant and non-resonant antenna. TLO 5.3 Compare given type of antenna on the basis of parameters. TLO 5.4 Select type of antenna for transmission and reception of given frequency band.	Unit - V Antenna 5.1 Antenna fundamentals: Resonant antenna and Non- resonant antennas, ideal antenna, principle of transmitting and receiving antenna Concept of Electromagnetism interference (EMI) and Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) 5.2 Antenna parameters: Radiation pattern, polarization, bandwidth, beam width, antenna resistance, directivity and power gain, antenna gain 5.3 Dipole antenna: Half dipole antenna (Resonant Antenna) and its radiation pattern, folded dipole antenna and its radiation pattern, radiation pattern of Dipole antenna for different length Major lobe, minor lobe, Radiation Pattern for Unidirectional, bidirectional and Omni directional antenna 5.4 Antenna (working principle, constuction, radiation pattern and applications): Loop antenna, Telescopic antenna, Yagi-Uda antenna, Micro wave antenna - Dish antenna, Horn antenna and Micro-strip patch antenna, Printed antenna, Smart antenna flexible antenna	Chalk-Board Site/Industry Visit Demonstration

VI. LABORATORY LEARNING OUTCOME AND ALIGNED PRACTICAL / TUTORIAL EXPERIENCES.

Practical / Tutorial / Laboratory Learning Outcome (LLO)		Laboratory Experiment / Practical Titles / Tutorial Titles	Number of hrs.	Relevant COs	
LLO 1.1 Test the output of simplex and	No	THOS	01 111 30	203	
		* Demonstrate the simplex ,half duplex and full		/	
LLO 1.2 Determine the number of	1	duplex communication link using switches, wires and		CO1	
channels for simplex, half duplex and		LEDs.			
full duplex Communication.					
LLO 2.1 Test analog and digital signals					
on CRO and spectrum analyzer.		Observe the different analog and digital signals on			
LLO 2.2 Observe the difference	2	CRO and spectrum analyzer in time domain	2	CO1	
between time domain and frequency		and frequency domain.			
domain representation of a signal.					
LLO 3.1 Interpret the effect of change	3	Observe the AM modulated waveforms generated for	2	CO2	
in modulating frequency on AM signal.	3	different modulating frequencies.	2	CO2	
LLO 4.1 Calculate modulation index		*C			
'm' from the observed AM waveform.	4	*Generate AM wave and measure its modulation	2	CO2	
LLO 4.2 Interprete the effect of 'm' on	4	index for different values of modulating signal	2	CO2	
AM signal.		amplitude.			
LLO 5.1 Observe the AM demodulated					
signal on DSO/CRO.	· ·				
LLO 5.2 Observe the output waveform	5	Build and test the AM demodulator circuit.	2	CO2	
of AM demodulator and measure its					
frequency.					
LLO 6.1 Observe the AM signal using	المؤر	* Display the AM modulator and demodulator signal			
simulation software.	6	using MATLAB Simulink/SCILAB /relevant	2	CO2	
LLO 6.2 Interpret the demodulated AM	0	software for different modulating frequencies.		COZ	
signal using simulator software.		software for unferent modulating frequencies.		1	
LLO 7.1 Observe the waveforms and	54				
measure the voltages at various test				- 1	
points of AM receiver.	7	Test the output of various stages/blocks of the AM	2	CO2	
LLO 7.2 Troubleshoot various faults of		receiver.	-	CO2	
AM receiver such as low volume, hum				LAI	
sound.					
LLO 8.1 Calculate modulation index			Contract of		
'm' from the observed FM wave.		* Build and test FM signal using voltage controlled		000	
LLO 8.2 Interpret the frequency	8	oscillator / IC 566 to measure frequency deviation and	2	CO3	
deviation and modulation index of the		modulation index.	-		
FM signal.					
LLO 9.1 Interpret the FM signal using simulation software.		/			
LLO 9.2 Calculate the modulation	9	Display FM signal using suitable simulation software	2	CO3	
index and frequency deviation of FM	9	such as MATLAB/SCILAB/ relevant software.	2	COS	
signal.				/	
LLO 10.1 Build a FM detector circuit				/	
using IC 564/565.					
LLO 10.2 Observe the FM	10	* Demodulate the given FM signal using IC 564/565	2	CO3	
demodulated signal and draw the input	10	and test the output from the given input waveforms.	.	203	
and output waveforms.					
LLO 11.1 Observe the waveforms and		*** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			
measure the voltages at various test					
points of FM receiver.		Test the output of various stages/blocks of the			
LLO 11.2 Troubleshoot various faults	11	FM receiver.	2	CO3	
in AM receiver such as popping,					
hissing etc.					

Practical / Tutorial / Laboratory Learning Outcome (LLO)	Sr No	Laboratory Experiment / Practical Titles / Tutorial Titles	Number of hrs.	Relevant COs
LLO 12.1 Interpret the MUF for the given critical frequency.	12	Use simulation software to measure MUF for the given critical frequency and incident angle.	2	CO4
LLO 13.1 Use RF source and field meter to measure the field strength of given antenna. LLO 13.2 Plot the radiation pattern of given antenna.	13	*Test the performance of given dipole antenna ,measure the field strength and plot the radiation pattern for different length of antenna.	2	CO5
LLO 14.1 Use RF source and field meter to measure the field strength of given yagi-uda antenna. LLO 14.2 Plot the radiation pattern of Yagi- Uda antenna and interpret the beamwidth.	14	Test the performance of given Yagi-Uda antenna.	2	CO5
LLO 15.1 Interpret the directivity and beamwidth from the radiation pattern of the given antenna.	15	* Use suitable simulation software to plot the radiation pattern of given antenna.	2	CO5

Note: Out of above suggestive LLOs -

- '*' Marked Practicals (LLOs) Are mandatory.
- Minimum 80% of above list of lab experiment are to be performed.
- Judicial mix of LLOs are to be performed to achieve desired outcomes.

VII. SUGGESTED MICRO PROJECT / ASSIGNMENT/ ACTIVITIES FOR SPECIFIC LEARNING / SKILLS DEVELOPMENT (SELF LEARNING)

Visit

BSNL/Radio station and prepare report on technique used for modulation demodulation.

Micro project

- 1.Develop a intercom circuit.
- 2. Build a Walkie Talkie Circuit.
- 3. Build a circuit of AM receiver.
- 4. Build a circuit of FM receiver.

Assignment

- 1.Prepare report on AM FM transmission of nearby your city.
- 2.Draw neat sketches of AM and FM receivers.
- 3.Draw neat sketches of different AM and FM generation circuits.
- 4. Prepare Internet based report on the role of electronic communication used for Defense/ISRO.

Note:

- Above is just a suggestive list of microprojects and assignments; faculty must prepare their own bank of microprojects, assignments, and activities in a similar way.
- The faculty must allocate judicial mix of tasks, considering the weaknesses and / strengths of the student in acquiring the desired skills.
- If a microproject is assigned, it is expected to be completed as a group activity.
- SLA marks shall be awarded as per the continuous assessment record.
- For courses with no SLA component the list of suggestive microprojects / assignments/ activities are optional, faculty may encourage students to perform these tasks for enhanced learning experiences.
- If the course does not have associated SLA component, above suggestive listings is applicable to Tutorials and maybe considered for FA-PR evaluations.

VIII. LABORATORY EQUIPMENT / INSTRUMENTS / TOOLS / SOFTWARE REQUIRED

Sr.No	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	Relevant LLO Number		
1	Digital multimeter: 3 1/2 digit display ,9999 counts digital multimeter measures: Vac, Vdc (1000 V max), Adc, Aac (10 A max), Resistance (0 to 100 Mohm).	1,7,11		
2	Antenna trainer kit: for dipole and Yagi- Uda antenna, mobile antenna, omnidirectional antenna, horn antenna, other common types of antenna.			
3	Function generator : Frequency range 0.1 Hz to 30 Mhz.	2,3,4,5,8,10		
4	AM Trainer kit for Modulation and Demodulation.	3,4,5,7		
5	RF signal generator with wide frequency range 100 Khz to 150 Mhz fine frequency adjustment by calibrated dial built in audio frequency generator.	3,4,5,7,8,10,11		
6	DSO with Bandwidth: 50-100 MHz TFT colour LCD Dual channel real time sampling 1GSa/s equivalent sampling 25 GSa/s Memory 1Mbpts 10 waveforms and 10 Set ups can be stored.	3,4,5,8,10		
7	Simulation software suitable for communication experiments : MATLAB,SCILAB,TINA PRO or any other relevant open source software.	6,9,12,15		
8	FM Trainer kit for Modulation (using voltage controlled Oscillator / IC 566) and Demodulation (using IC $564/565$).	8,10,11		
9	Cathode ray oscilloscope Dual Trace 20/30/100 Mhz,1 Mega ohm input impedance .	All		
10	Regulated power supply: DC supply voltages Dual DC 0-30V; 0-2A Automatic overload(current protection) constant voltage and constant current operation.	All		

IX. SUGGESTED WEIGHTAGE TO LEARNING EFFORTS & ASSESSMENT PURPOSE (Specification Table)

Sr.No	Unit	Unit Title	Aligned COs	Learning Hours	R- Level	U- Level	A- Level	Total Marks
1	I	Basics of Electronic Communication	CO1	6	4	4	4	12
2	II	Amplitude Modulation (AM) Communication	CO2	13	4	6	8	18
3	III	Frequency Modulation (FM) Communication	CO3	10	2	6	6	14
4	IV	Wave Propagation	CO4	7	2	4	6	12
5	V	Antenna	CO5	9	4	4	6	14
		Grand Total		45	16	24	30	70

X. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGIES/TOOLS

Formative assessment (Assessment for Learning)

• Two offline unit tests of 30 marks and average of two-unit test marks will be consider for out of 30 marks. For formative assessment of laboratory learning 25 marks. Each practical will be assessed consider 60% weightage to process, 40% weightage to product.

Summative Assessment (Assessment of Learning)

• End semester assessment of 70 marks. End semester summative assessment of 25 marks for laboratory learning.

XI. SUGGESTED COS - POS MATRIX FORM

			Progra	amme Outcoi	mes (POs)			S Ot	ogram Specifi Itcomo (PSOs	c es*
Course Outcomes (COs)	PO-1 Basic and Discipline Specific Knowledge	PO-2 Problem	PO-3 Design/ Development of Solutions	PO-4 Engineering Tools	PO-5 Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainability and Environment	PO-6 Project Management		PSO-	PSO-	PSO-3
CO1	2		1	1	2	1	1			
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	1	2			
CO3	2	3	3	2	2	1	2			
CO4	2	. · ·	1 .	2	2	-	1	7		
CO5	2		1	2	2	1	1	N:		

Legends :- High:03, Medium:02, Low:01, No Mapping: -

XII. SUGGESTED LEARNING MATERIALS / BOOKS

Sr.No	Author	Title	Publisher with ISBN Number
1	Dennis Roddy John Coolen	Electronic Communication	Pearson Education India, New Delhi, ISBN: 978-817758-558-2
2	GEORGE KENNEDY BERNARD DEVIS	ELECTRONICS COMMUNICATION SYSTEM	TATA Mc- Graw Hill, New Delhi, ISBN: 9780071077828
3	Ravi Kumar Jatoth , T. Kishore Kumar , V .V. Mani	Electronics and Communications Engineering	Apple Academic Press ISBN: ISBN-13 978-1774633892
4	Tomasi W.	ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION SYSTEM	Pearson Education India, New Delhi, ISBN: 9780130221254
5	Constantine A. Balanis	Antenna Theory: Analysis and Design	Wiley-Student edition India, New Delhi, ISBN: 9788126524228
6	Frenzel George:Dravid Bernard:Prasanna SRM	Electronic Communication Systems	Mc-Graw Hill , New Delhi ,ISBN: 9780071077828
7	R. L. Yadava	Antenna and Wave Propagation	EEE, PHI,ISBN: 9788120342910

XIII. LEARNING WEBSITES & PORTALS

Sr.No	Link / Portal	Description
1	https://www.electronicsforu.com/electronics-projects/fm-radio-receiver-using-ic-ta-7640ap	FM radio receiver
2	https://www.etti.unibw.de/labalive/index/amplitude-modulatio n/	Amlitude Modulation
3	https://www.etti.unibw.de/labalive/experiment/amtransmitterr ecordaudiodemo/	AM transmitter 1 - record audio transmit signal via file
4	https://www.etti.unibw.de/labalive/experiment/amtransmitrecordedsignal/	AM transmitter 2 - transmit recorded signal via USRP
5	https://www.etti.unibw.de/labalive/experiment/fmtransmitterr ecordaudiodemo/	FM transmitter
6	https://www.etti.unibw.de/labalive/experiment/fmdemod/	FM receiver
7	https://www.tutorsglobe.com/homework-help/electrical-engineering/fault-in-fm-radio-receiver-71490.aspx	Fault finding in FM radio receiver.
8	https://www.radioandtvhelp.co.uk/help-guides/radio/troublesh ooting-interference-to-am-radio#:~:text=Problems%20on%20AM%20radio%20can,and%20could%20indicate%20reception%20problems.	Fault finding in AM radio receiver.

^{*}PSOs are to be formulated at institute level

PRIN	CIPLES OF ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION	Course Code: 313326
Sr.No	Link / Portal	Description
9	https://ijarsct.co.in/Paper10949.pdf	Simulation software to measure MUF for the given critical frequency and incident angle.
10	https://www.ahsystems.com/articles/Understanding-antenna-gai n-beamwidth-directivity.php	Antenna parameters .
11	https://kcgcollege.ac.in/Virtual-Lab/Electronics-and-Communication-Engineering/Exp-2/	Frequency Modulation and Demodulation
12	https://vlab.amrita.edu/?sub=3&brch=163∼=260&cnt=2644	Amplitude Modulation (Simulation experiment)
NI-4-		

Note:

• Teachers are requested to check the creative common license status/financial implications of the suggested online educational resources before use by the students

MSBTE Approval Dt. 02/07/2024

Semester - 3, K Scheme